DANGEROUS POISON KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 225 g/L METHOMYL (an anti-cholinesterase compound) SOLVENT: 593 g/L METHANOL



For the control of insect pests in various crops as specified in the Directions for Use Table.

IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE USE

Australis Crop Protection Pty Ltd

ABN 94 150 711 185

Shop 4, 30 Heber Street, Moree NSW 2400

Telephone: 0417 329 133 • Facsimile: 07 3337 9882

www.austcrop.com.au

CONTENTS: 20 LITRES

BATCH NO:

DATE OF MANUFACTURE:



STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT, SPARKS AND OPEN FLAMES. Store in the closed, original container in a dry, well-ventilated locked room or place away from children, animals, food, feedstuffs, seed and fertilisers. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. DO NOT use this container for any other purpose. Triple rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler of designed collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waster management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local. State or Territory government requilations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Very dangerous, particularly the concentrate. Product and spray are poisonous if absorbed by skin contact, inhaled or swallowed. Attacks the eyes. Will irritate the nose, throat and skin. Repeated minor exposure may have a cumulative poisoning effect. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do NOT inhale vapour or spray mist. Protect eyes while using. When opening the container and preparing spray, wear elbow length PVC gloves and a face shield. When using the prepared spray wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and washable hat, elbow length PVC gloves, impervious footwear and half face-piece respirator with combined dust and gas cartridge/canister. If clothing becomes contaminated with product or wet with spray, remove clothing immediately. If product or spray on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each days use, wash gloves, face shield, respirator or face-piece and contaminated clothing. Wash rubber respirator with detergent and warm water.

FIRST AID

If swallowed, splashed on skin or in eyes, or inhaled, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 13 11 26) or a doctor at once. Remove any contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly. If swallowed, activated charcoal may be advised. Give atropine if instructed.

Advice to Doctor: Methomyl is a reversible cholinesterase inhibitor. Atropine sulphate should be used for treatment, 1.2 to 2.0 mg i.v. every 10 to 30 minutes until full atropinisation is achieved. Maintain full atropinisation until patient recovers. DO NOT use morphine or 2-PAM. Artificial respiration or oxygen may be necessary. Allow no further exposure to cholinesterase inhibitors until recovery is assured.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the Material Safety Data Sheet which can be obtained from the supplier.

CONDITIONS OF SALE: The use of ACP Methomyl 225 Insecticide being beyond the control of the manufacturer no warranty expressed or implied is given by Australis Crop Protection Pty Ltd regarding its suitability, fitness or efficiency for any purpose for which it is used by the buyer, whether in accordance with the directions or not and Australis Crop Protection Pty Ltd accepts no responsibility for any consequence whatsoever resulting from the use of this product.

APVMA Approval No.: 66621/54030

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UN 2758
CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID,
FLAMMABLE, TOXIC
(CONTAINS METHANOL, METHOMYL)
PG II HAZCHEM 3WE

IN A TRANSPORT EMERGENCY

DIAL 000

POLICE OR FIRE BRIGADE



DANGEROUS POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 225 g/L METHOMYL (an anti-cholinesterase compound)
SOLVENT: 593 g/L METHANOL

GROUP 1A INSECTICIDE

For the control of insect pests in various crops as specified in the Directions for Use Table.

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Australis Crop Protection Pty Ltd ABN 94 150 711 185 Shop 4, 30 Heber Street, Moree NSW 2400 Telephone: 0417 329 133 • Facsimile: 07 3337 9882 WWW.austcrop.com.au







UN 2758 CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC (CONTAINS METHANOL, METHOMYL) PACKAGING GROUP II HAZCHEM 3WE

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRAINT: DO NOT use in covered or protected situations such as glasshouses, greenhouses or plastic tunnels.

CROP	PEST	STATE	RATE	WHP (DAYS) H=Harvest G=Grazing	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Adzuki Beans	Heliothis	NSW, WA only	0.5 or 1.0 L/ha	7 (H)	Ovicide/Larvicide: Use only where crops are monitored regularly. Use low rate when eggs are present and high rate when heavy egg lay occurs and/or when first to second instar larvae are present (up to 5 mm long).
			1.5 or 2.0 L/ha		Larvicide: Apply when infestation reaches an economically damaging level and repeat if necessary. Use low rate on small larvae and light infestations and high rate on large larvae and heavy infestations.
	Green Vegetable Bug		1.5 L/ha		Apply when infestation reaches an economically damaging level and repeat if necessary.
Apples	concentrate spraying meth	ods.	ng equipment. Apply the same Application section in GENER		of product to the target crop whether applying this product by dilute or ONS.
	Light Brown Apple Moth	Qld, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only	Dilute spraying 150 or 200 mL/100 L water	1 (H)	Apply at calyx stage and repeat each 14 days or as required by pest pressure. Only use low rate in NSW, but in other states use high rate if infestation is heavy.
		NSW only	Dilute spraying 150 mL/100 L water		
	Codling Moth NSW, Vic, WA only			Apply on a 14 day schedule for late season control of light infestations only. Moderate to heavy infestations of codling moth will not be controlled.	
	Heliothis	Tas, WA only	Dilute spraying 150 to 200 mL/100 L water		Apply when number of larvae on shoots suggest economic damage is imminent.
	Thrips, Dimpling Bug	Qld, WA only	Dilute spraying 200mL/100L water		Apply when pests appear and repeat when necessary. Apply as a high volume spray ensuring adequate spray penetration to obtain effective control of the pests. Only apply when bees are not foraging.
Broad beans, French beans, navy beans, long beans,	Bean Fly	Qld, NSW, WA, NT only	100 mL/ 100 L water OR 1.5 to 2 L/ha	1 (H)	Apply about 3 days after seedlings emerge and again 4 days later. Continue weekly applications until blossom.
legume seed crops	Bean Thrips	Qld, NSW, SA,			Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation. Spray to penetrate blossom. Use higher rate on heavier infestations.
		WA, NT only			Ovicide/Larvicide: Refer to Ovicidal/Larvicidal Application instructions.
	Bean pod borer	Qld, WA, NT only	1.5 or 2.0 L/ha		Note: Control of green vegetable bug is important during and after flowering.

CROP	PEST	STATE	RATE	WHP (DAYS) H=Harvest G=Grazing	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Broad beans, French beans, navy beans, long beans, legume seed	Heliothis	Qld, NSW, Tas, WA, NT only	100 mL/ 100 L 0R 1.5 or 2 L/ha 500 mL to 1 L/ha	1 (H)	Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation. Spray to penetrate blossom. Use higher rate on heavier infestations. Ovicide/Larvicide: Refer to Ovicidal/Larvicidal Application instructions.
crops – continued	Green vegetable bug, loopers	Qld, NSW, WA, NT only	1.5 L/ha		Note: Control of green vegetable bug is important during and after flowering.
Blueberries	Monolepta Beetle, Helicoverpa spp., Plague Thrip	NSW, WA only	100 mL/100 L	5 (H)	Monolepta Beetle: Apply according to pest incidence. Helicoverpa spp.: Apply when the infestation reaches an economically damaging level. Plague Thrip: Apply when numerous on flowers.
Brassicas (Brussel sprouts,	Cabbage White Butterfly	Qld, WA, NT only	100 mL/ 100 L water OR 1 L/ha	1 (H)	Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation. Treatment will probably be required each 5 to 7 days during the growing season. Ensure thorough spray penetration. Use higher rate on heavier
cauliflower, broccoli, cabbages)		NSW, Vic, Tas, SA,WA only	1 or 2 L/ha		infestations.
	Heliothis Qld, NSW, Tas, SA, WA, NT only				
	Cabbage Centre Grub	Qld, NSW, SA, WA, NT only	1.5 L/ha		
	Cluster Caterpillar	Qld, WA, NT only	1 L/ha		
	Loopers	Qld, NSW, Vic, Tas, WA, NT only	1.5 L/ha		

CROP	PEST	STATE	RATE	WHP (DAYS) H=Harvest G=Grazing	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Centrosema pascuorum seed crops	Green Vegetable Bug	WA, NT only	1.5 to 2 L/ha	1 (H)	Apply through boom spray with hollow cone nozzles in 250 L/ha water.
Chickpeas	Heliothis	Qld, WA only	1.5 to 2 L/ha	1 (H)	Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation. Ensure thorough spray penetration.
Citrus	Refer Critical Comments of	oposite			Apply by dilute or concentrate spraying equipment. Apply the same total amount of product to the target crop whether applying this product by dilute or concentrate spraying methods. Concentrate Spraying: Refer to the Application section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS.
	Long-tailed Mealy Bug	SA, WA only	Dilute spraying 200 mL/100 L water	2 (H)	Apply in August or late November to early December when fruit is absent and young mealy bug are present. Treatment will prevent Mealy Bug attacking under the fruit calyx.
	Light Brown Apple Moth	NSW, SA, WA only			Apply in late November to early December when fruit is absent to prevent Light Brown Apple Moth attacking under the fruit calyx.
	Bronze Orange Bug, Spined Citrus Bug	Qld, Vic,	Dilute spraying 25 mL/100 L water		Apply as populations indicate and before bugs reach the adult winged stage.
	Heliothis	SA, WA only	Dilute spraying 200 mL/100 L water		Spray only if heavy infestations occur on young foliage and fruit.
	Large Citrus Butterfly, Small Citrus Butterfly	Offiny			Apply to cover unhardened leaves from recent growth flushes when infestations are rooted in young trees only.
Cotton	Heliothis	QId, NSW, WA only	500 mL or 1 L/ha	Nil (H) DO NOT graze or feed treated crops to animals.	Avoid contact with spray residue. Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas for at least 24hrs. Ovicide/Larvicide: Check crops every 2-3 days for egg and larval numbers. Pre-Squaring: Initiate sprays when significant number of eggs are present, i.e. 75 eggs per 100 plants. Continue at 4-5 day intervals while egg numbers are above these levels and larvae control is adequate. Add an effective larvicide at registered rates if significant numbers of small larvae (20 per 100 plants) are present. Squaring: Boll maturing: Continue above schedule when 50 eggs or more per 100 plant terminals are found. Add an effective larvicide at registered rates if significant numbers of small larvae (10 per 100 plant terminals) are present. If large larvae survive or if Heliothis armigera becomes predominant use higher rates or add other effective larvicides. Refer to appropriate larvicide labels for directions for use. Use higher rate at peak egg laying and when 1st to 2nd instar larvae predominate. Good spray coverage is essential to assure good ovicidal activity. Note: Methomyl may cause reddening of foliage. If excessive, discontinue use.

CROP	PEST	STATE	RATE	WHP (DAYS) H=Harvest G=Grazing	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Cotton – continued	Heliothis	QId, NSW, WA only	1.8 to 2.4 L/ha	Nil (H) DO NOT graze or feed treated	Larvicide: Apply as an occasional treatment in a spray programme based on alternative insecticides. DO NOT use more often than every 14 days during active growth stages of the crop or alternatively apply up to 3 treatments at minimum of 3 day intervals between treatments after the
	Loopers	Qld, WA only	1.8 to 2.4 L/ha	crops to animals.	boll load is set. DO NOT use during periods of plant stress. Note: Methomyl may case reddening of foliage. If excessive, discontinue use.
Cowpeas	Heliothis	NSW,	0.5 or 1 L/ha	7 (H)	Ovicide: Apply as detailed for adzuki beans above.
		SA, WA only	1.5 or 2 L/ha		Larvicide: Apply as detailed for adzuki beans as above.
	Green Vegetable Bug	Offiny	1.5 L/ha		Apply when infestation reaches an economically damaging level and repeat if necessary.
Duboisia	Cluster Caterpillar	Qld, WA only	100 mL/100 L 0R 1 L/ha		Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation.
Ginger	Heliothis		150 mL/100 L or 1.5 L/ha		Apply when damage is evident to young shoots at ground level.
Grapevines/ grapes	Refer Critical Comments opposite				Apply by dilute or concentrate spraying equipment. Apply the same total amount of product to the target crop whether applying this product by dilute or concentrate spraying methods. Concentrate Spraying: Refer to the Application section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS.
	Light Brown Apple Moth, Vine Moth	All States	Dilute spraying 150 mL/100 L water	7 (H)	Apply during early shoot growth/flowering if pests are a problem and again just before bunches close, if required. Control at later stages is difficult.
Guar	Green Vegetable Bug, Pod Sucking Bug	Qld, WA only	2 L/ha	7 (H)	Apply when significant populations are noted.
Hops	Heliothis	Vic, Tas, WA only	2 L/ha	14 (H) DO NOT graze treated crops.	Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation. For high volume spraying, use at least 1000 L/ha of spray mixture. DO NOT use chemicals from the same group for consecutive sprays.
Lentils	Heliothis	QId, NSW, WA only	1.5 to 2 L/ha	7 (H)	Examine crops at least twice weekly during flowering, podding for caterpillars and their damage. Use the higher rate if infestation is heavy.
Linseed	Heliothis	Qld, WA only	1.5 or 2 L/ha	7 (H)	Apply from early flowering and repeat depending on infestation. Larvae completely enclosed inside bolls may not be controlled. Use high rate for heavier infestations.

CROP	PEST	STATE	RATE	WHP (DAYS) H=Harvest G=Grazing	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Lucerne (forage, hay and seed)	Heliothis	Qld, NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, NT only	1.5 to 2 L/ha	3 (G)	Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation. Use higher rate on heavier infestations.
		WA only	1 to 2 L/ha		
Lupins	Heliothis	Qld, NSW, WA only	1.5 or 2 L/ha	7 (H)	Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation. Use higher rate on heavier infestations.
		Vic, Tas only	1.5 L/ha		
Mint	Heliothis	Tas, WA only	1.5 or 2 L/ha	14 (H)	Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation. Use higher rate on heavier infestations.
Mung beans (seed)	NS WA	Qld, NSW, WA, NT only	1.5 or 2 L/ha	7 (H)	Larvicide: Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation.
		Qld, WA only	500 mL to 1 L/ha		Ovicide/Larvicide: Refer to Ovicidal/Larvicidal Application instruction for more detail.
	Green Vegetable Bug	Qld, NSW, WA, NT only	1.5 L/ha		Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestations.
	Bean Pod Borer	Qld, WA, NT only	1.5 to 2 L/ha		
Pastures native & improved (alone or with legumes)	Armyworms	Qld, NSW, SA, WA only	1.5 to 2 L/ha	3 (G)	Note: All armyworms, except the dayfeeding armyworm, feed mainly during the evening so spraying at dusk is recommended.
	Common Armyworm	Vic, WA only			
	Southern Armyworm	Tas, WA only			
	Buffel Grass Seed Caterpillar	Qld, WA only	1.75 L/ha		Apply when pests appear (when webbing is just visible) and repeat if necessary. Ensure thorough spray penetration to obtain effective control of the pest.
Pasture legume seed crops	Heliothis, Lucerne Blue Butterfly	Qld, WA only	1.5 to 2 L/ha	3 (G)	Apply as infestations indicate during the flowering and pod setting period of crop development.

CROP	PEST	STATE	RATE	WHP (DAYS) H=Harvest G=Grazing	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Peaches, Nectarines	Refer Critical Comments of	oposite		Apply by dilute or concentrate spraying equipment. Apply the same total amount of product to the target crop whether applying this product by dilute or concentrate spraying methods. Concentrate Spraying: Refer to the Application section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS.	
	Green Peach Aphid	All States	Dilute spraying 100 mL/100 L water	1 (H)	Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation. DO NOT apply to early peach varieties such as Watts.
	Heliothis	Tas, WA only	Dilute spraying 150 mL/100 L water		
Peanuts	Heliothis	Qld, WA, NT only	1.5 or 2 L/ha	14 (H)	Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation. Use higher rate on heavier infestation.
Pears	Refer Critical Comments on	oposite		Apply by dilute or concentrate spraying equipment. Apply the same total amount of product to the target crop whether applying this product by dilute or concentrate spraying methods. Concentrate Spraying: Refer to the Application section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS.	
	Light Brown Apple Moth	Vic, WA only	Dilute spraying 150 mL 0R 200 mL/100 L	2 (H)	Apply at calyx stage from late November onwards and repeat at 14 days intervals or as required depending on infestation.
Peas (including Field Peas)	Heliothis	Qld, NSW, SA, WA only	1.5 or 2 L/ha	1 (H) Peas 7 (H) Field Peas	Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation. Use higher rate on heavier infestation., Spray for good coverage and penetration.
		Vic, Tas only	1.5 L/ha		
	Loopers	Qld,			
	Pea Thrips	NSW, Vic, SA, WA only	100 mL/ 100 L water OR 1 L/ha		
Pigeon Peas	Green Vegetable Bug	NSW, WA only	1.5 L/ha	7 (H)	Apply when infestation reaches an economically damaging level and repeat if necessary.
	Heliothis	Qld, WA only	1.5 to 2 L/ha		Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation. Use higher rate on heavier infestation.
Poppies	Heliothis	Tas, WA only	1.5 to 2 L/ha	14 (H)	Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation. Use higher rate on heavier infestation.

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Potatoes	Potato Moth	All States	1.5 to 2 L/ha	Nil	Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation. Use higher rate on heavier infestation.
	Potato Looper	Qld, WA only	1.5 L/ha		
Rapeseed/ canola (Seed)	Cabbage Moth	WA only	1 L/ha	7 (H)	
	Heliothis	NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only	1.5 to 2 L/ha		
		NSW only	500 mL to 1 L/ha		Ovicide/Larvicide: Refer to Ovicidal/Larvicidal Application instructions.
Sesame seed	Corn Earworm	Qld,	1.5 to 2 L/ha	14 (H)	Apply when significant populations are noted (Refer Larvicidal Application
	Green Vegetable Bug	WA, NT only	1.5 L/ha		instructions for more detail).
Sorghum	Heliothis	Qld, NSW,	1.5 or 2 L/ha	14 (H) 14 (G)	Apply when pests first appear, Repeat depending on infestation. Use higher rate on heavier infestation.
		WA, NT only	500 mL to 1 L/ha		Ovicide/Larvicide: Refer to Ovicide/Larvicide Application instructions.
	Armyworm	Qld, NSW, WA, NT only	1.5 L/ha		Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation. Use higher rate on heavier infestation. Note: All armyworms, except the dayfeeding armyworm, feed mainly during the evenings so spraying at dusk is recommended.
	Sorghum midge	Qld, WA, NT only	1 L/ha		Apply when 1 midge/head is present from first emergence, from boot to pollen shedding. Repeat application when significant egg laying recommences.
Soybeans	Green Vegetable Bug	QId, NSW, WA, NT only	1.5 L/ha	7 (H)	Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation. Use higher rate on heavier infestation.
	Loopers	Qld, WA, NT only			
	Heliothis	Qld, NSW,	1.5 or 2 L/ha		Larvicide: Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation. Use higher rate on heavier infestation.
		WA, NT only	500 mL to 1 L/ha		Ovicide/Larvicide: Refer to Ovicide/Larvicide Application instructions.

CROP	PEST	STATE	RATE	WHP (DAYS) H=Harvest G=Grazing	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Stonefruit (cherries, nectarines, peaches)	Refer Critical Comments opposite				Apply by dilute or concentrate spraying equipment. Apply the same total amount of product to the target crop whether applying this product by dilute or concentrate spraying methods. Concentrate Spraying: Refer to the Application section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS.
	Thrips	Qld, WA only	Dilute spraying 200 mL/100 L water	1 (H)	Apply at petal fall. Apply as a high volume spray ensuring adequate spray penetration.
Strawberries	Cluster Caterpillar, Heliothis, Loopers	Qld, NSW, Vic, Tas, WA, NT only	150 mL/100 L water 0R 1.5 L/ha	Fresh: 3 (H) Frozen: 10 (H)	Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation. Use higher rate on heavier infestation. Note: To avoid the possibility of taint in strawberries to be frozen, do not apply later than 10 days before harvest.
	Heliothis, Light Brown Apple Moth	SA, WA only	150 mL 0R 200 mL/100 L water		
Sunflowers	Green Vegetable Bug	Qld only	1.5 L/ha	7 (H)	Note: Apply sunflowers before seed heads turn over to ensure spray penetration.
		NSW, WA only	1.5 to 2 L/ha		Ovicide/Larvicide: Refer to Ovicidal/Larvicidal Application instructions.
	Heliothis	Qld only	1.5 L/ha		
		NSW, WA only	1.5 or 2 L/ha		
		SA only	2 L/ha		
		Qld, NSW, SA, WA only	500 mL to 1 L/ha		
Sweetcorn and maize	Heliothis	All States	150 or 200 mL/100 L OR 1.5 or 2 L/ha	1 (H) Sweetcorn 14 (H) Maize	Larvicide: Apply initial spray at early silking or when eggs are first observed on silks. Repeat at 2 to 3 day intervals during silking if infestation continues. Use sufficient spraying volume to thoroughly cover developing cobs. Use higher rate on heavier infestations. Note: Maize in NSW only may also require control at tasselling stage.
		Sweetcorn - NSW only:	100 mL/100 L OR 1 L/ha Sweetcorn – NSW only: 500 mL to 1 L/100 L water	3 (G) Sweetcorn	Ovicide: Use this rate only where crops are monitored for eggs and larvae. Apply only when egg-laying occurs. As soon as larvae are present use Larvicidal rates as recommended above.
	Armyworm Qld, NSW, SA, WA, NT only	Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation. Note: All armyworms, except the dayfeeding armyworm, feed mainly during the evenings, so spraying at dusk is recommended.			

CROP	PEST	STATE	RATE	WHP (DAYS) H=Harvest G=Grazing	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Sweet peppers (capsicum)	Heliothis	Qld, WA, NT only	150 or 200 mL/100 L water	1 (H)	Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on pest infestation, although the spray intervals should not exceed 7 days. Increase spray volume as plants increase in size. Use higher rate on heavier infestations.
Tea Tree	Xylorectid Caterpillar, Psyllid, Leafhopper, Crysomelid Beetle	NSW, WA only	1.5 to 2 L/ha	Nil	Apply as a thorough foliar spray.
Tobacco	Cluster Caterpillar, Heliothis, Tobacco Leaf Miner, Tobacco Looper	Qld, NSW, Vic, WA only	100 mL /100 L water	Nil	Apply when pests first occur. Repeat depending on infestation. The following is a guide: Plant age 1-3 weeks Litres spray/ha 250
	Green Vegetable Bug, Leaf Hopper, Tobacco Thrip	Qld, WA only			4 weeks 300 5 weeks 450 6 weeks 550 After 6 weeks as required 900-1100
	Tobacco stem borer	Qld, NSW, WA only			Apply 10 days after seedlings emerge and repeat at 6 day intervals (7 day intervals in NSW only) until transplanting
	Cutworm, True & False Wireworms, Grasshoppers, seed harvesting Ants (seed bed only)	Qld, WA only	150 or 200 mL/100 L water 0R 1.5 or 2 L/ha		Cutworms and Wireworms: Apply at dusk or late afternoon, using 1 knapsack/30 m length of bed. For field plants, ensure base of stem is well covered with spray. Use low rate for cutworms, high rate for Wireworms. Grasshoppers: Use low rate and apply to fully grown plants when pests first appear. Repeat depending on infestation. Seed harvesting Ants: Use high rate and apply by pouring directly down the ant hole, in seed beds only.
	Stubby Root Nematode	Vic, WA only	20 L/ha		Spray onto soil and incorporate to a depth of 10 cm just prior to transplanting.
	Common Brown Leafhopper (vector for tobacco yellow dwarf virus)		45 mL/100 L water then 450 mL/100 L water		Apply low rate in transplant water, then 6 weeks later apply high rate as an overall spray.
Tomatoes	Heliothis	All States	50 or 100 mL/100 L water OR 500 mL or 1 L/ha	1 (H)	Ovicide: (Heliocoverpa armigera only): Apply the low rate when egg numbers indicate potential damage. Use the high rate at peak egg lay and when eggs are mainly in flowers and fruit.
		NSW, WA only	200 mL/100 L water		Larvicide: Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on pest infestation, although the spray interval should not exceed 7 days. Increase spray volume as plants increase in size. Use higher rate on heavier
		Qld, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only	150 or 200 mL/100 L water		infestations.

CROP	PEST	STATE	RATE	WHP (DAYS) H=Harvest G=Grazing	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Tomatoes – continued	Potato Moth, Tobacco Leaf Miner	Qld, NSW, WA, NT only	150 or 200 mL/100 L water	1 (H) -	Larvicide: Apply when pests first appear. Repeat depending on pest infestation, although the spray interval should not exceed 7 days. Increase spray volume as plants increase in size. Use higher rate on heavier infestations.
	Green Vegetable Bug	Qld, Tas,	150 mL/100 L water OR 1.5 L/ha		
	Loopers	WA, NT only	1.5 L/ha		
Wheat, barley, oats	Armyworms	All States	1 or 1.5 L/ha	14 (H) 14 (G)	Apply when pests appear. Repeat depending on pest infestation. Use the low rate against larvae up to 30 mm long and the high rate against larger larvae. In Qld and WA use low rate for aerial application against Common Armyworm. Note: All armyworms, except the dayfeeding armyworm, feed mainly during the evening so spraying at dusk is recommended.
	Heliothis		1.5 to 2 L/ha		Apply when pests appear. Repeat depending on infestation.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE OR MANNER CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

THIS PRODUCT IS TOO HAZARDOUS FOR USE IN THE HOME GARDEN.

IN TASMANIA, THIS PRODUCT MUST NOT BE APPLIED BY AIRCRAFT WITHOUT THE SPECIFIC APPROVAL OF THE REGISTRAR OF PESTICIDES.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS (WHP)

(G) = Grazing, (H) = Harvest

HARVEST

DO NOT APPLY LATER THAN THE NUMBER OF DAYS SHOWN BEFORE HARVEST:

Apples, beans, brassicas, Centrosema pascuorum seed crops, chickpeas, nectarines, peaches, peas, stonefruit, sweetcorn,

sweet peppers (capsicum), tomatoes : 1 DAY
Pears, Citrus : 2 DAYS
Strawberries (fresh) : 3 DAYS
Strawberries (frozen) : 10 DAY

Strawberries (frozen) : 10 DAYS
Blueberries : 5 DAYS

Adzuki beans, cowpeas, field peas, grapes, guar, lentils, linseed, lupins, mung beans, pigeon peas, rapeseed/canola,

soybeans, sunflowers : 7 DAYS

Barley, hops, maize, mint, oats, peanuts, poppies, sesame seed, sorghum, wheat

: 14 DAYS

Cotton, duboisia, ginger, pasture legume seed crops, potatoes, tea tree, tobacco: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

GRAZING

DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD EARLIER THAN THE NUMBER OF DAYS SHOWN AFTER APPLICATION:

Lucerne, Pastures, sweetcorn : 3 DAYS
Barley, maize, oats, sorghum, wheat : 14 DAYS

Cotton, hops and crops not otherwise specified above: DO NOT GRAZE OR FEED CROPS TO ANIMALS.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

ACP Methomyl 225 Insecticide is a water miscible liquid to be dissolved in water for spray application. It is most effective when spray schedules are initiated on young insects. The lower rates are used on small larvae and light infestations, the higher rates on larger larvae and heavy infestations.

USE of WETTING AGENT

ALWAYS add a 600 g/L non-ionic agricultural wetting agent at a rate of 25 mL/100 L of spray solution.

INSECTICIDE RESISTANCE WARNING

For insecticide resistance management ACP Methomyl 225 Insecticide is a Group 1A insecticide. Some naturally occurring insect biotypes resistant to



ACP Methomyl 225 Insecticide and other Group 1A insecticides nay exist through normal genetic variability in any insect population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the insect population if ACP Methomyl 225 Insecticide or other Group 1A insecticides are used repeatedly. The effectiveness of ACP Methomyl 225 Insecticide on resistant individuals could be significantly reduced. Since the occurrence of resistant individuals is difficult to detect prior to use, Australis Crop Protection Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of this product to control resistant insects. ACP Methomyl 225 Insecticide may be subject to specific resistance management strategies. For further information contact your local supplier, Australis Crop Protection representative or local agricultural department agronomist.

Export of Treated Produce

Growers should note that suitable MRL's or import tolerances may not be established in all markets for produce treated with ACP Methomyl 225 insecticide. If you are growing produce for export, please check with ACP for the latest information on MRL's and import tolerances BEFORE using ACP Methomyl 225 insecticide.

MIXING

Fill spray tank ¼ to ½ full of water. Start agitation (using mechanical or hydraulic means, NOT air agitation), add required quantity of ACP Methomy! 225 Insecticide and continue filling with water. Add non-ionic wetting agents as recommended previously. Continue agitation for several minutes prior to spraying to ensure thorough mixing.

ΔΡΡΙ ΙΩΔΤΙΩΝ

Apply when wind velocity is low, to avoid drift. DO NOT apply as a fog or mist. Proper timing and good coverage is essential for effective insect control.

Larvicidal: Apply at the recommended rates when the insects first appear and repeat as needed. Apply the lower rates on small caterpillars and light infestations of insects. Use the higher rates on larger caterpillars and heavier infestations. Best control is obtained when soray schedules are initiated on young insects.

Ovicidal/Larvicidal: Use these rates only where crops are regularly monitored for eggs and larvae. Use the lower rate when eggs are present. Use the higher rate when heavy egg lays occur and/or when first to second instar are present (up to 5 mm long). If large larvae are present (longer than 5 mm) use the larvicide rates as recommended. This product may be used at ovicidal/larvicidal rates in conjunction with other recommended larvicides used to control other insects

Ground Application: Apply as a coarse spray with low pressure ground equipment. Use sufficient water to obtain thorough, uniform coverage.

Special instructions for Tree Crops/Vines

Dilute Spraying: Use a sprayer designed to apply high volumes of water up to the point of run-off and matched to the crop being sprayed. Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy. Apply sufficient water to cover the crop to the point of run-off. Avoid excessive run-off. The required water volume may be determined by applying different test volumes, using different settings on the sprayer, from industry guidelines or expert advice. Add the amount of product specified in the Directions for Use Table for each 100L of water. Spray to the point of run-off. The required dilute spray volume will change and the sprayer set-up and operation may also need to be changed as the crop grows.

Concentrate Spraying: Use a sprayer designed and set up for concentrate spraying (that is a sprayer which applies water volumes less than those required to reach the point of run-off) and matched to the crop being sprayed. Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy using your chosen water volume. Determine an appropriate dilute spray volume (see Dilute Spraying above) for the crop canopy. This is needed to calculate the concentrate mixing rate. The mixing rate for concentrate spraying can then be calculated in the following way:

EXAMPLE ONLY

- 1. Dilute spray volume as determined above: For example 1500 L/ha
- 2. Your chosen concentrate spray volume: For example 500 L/ha
- The concentration factor in this example is 3 X (I.E. 1500 L ÷ 500 L = 3)
- If the dilute label rate is 10 mL/100 L, then the concentrate rate becomes 3 x 10, that is, 30 mL/100 L of concentrate spray.

The chosen spray volume, amount of product per 100 L of water, and the sprayer set up and operation may need to be changed as the crop grows. For further information on concentrate spraying, users are advised to consult relevant industry guidelines, undertake appropriate competency training and follow industry Best Practices.

Air Application: For cotton, soybeans, sorghum, mung beans, sunflowers, pastures, inter cereals and linseed only: DO NOT use less than 22 L/ha water and increase the spray volume according to density of crop and pest pressure. Turn off spray boom while passing over creeks or dams.

COMPATIBILITY

This product can be mixed in the spray tank with one of the following insecticides: Chlorfos*, Larvin* 375. As the formulations of other manufacturers' products are beyond the control of Australis Crop Protection all mixtures should be tested oring to mixing commercial quantities.

PRECAUTION

Keep unprotected persons and animals out of operational areas during treatment and while there is a danger of drift. Avoid contact with spray residues.

Re-Entry Period: D0 NOT allow entry into treated areas for at least 24 hours after treatment. When prior entry is necessary, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing), a washable hat and elbow lendth PVC aloves. Clothing must be laundered after each days use.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS.

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures. Avoid drift by applying when wind velocity is low.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

Dangerous to birds, fish, stock and wildlife. Birds feeding on treated areas may be killed. Dangerous to bees. DO NOT spray any plants in flower while bees are foraging. Ensure beehives are removed from the area to be treated and from adjacent paddocks. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers. DO NOT re-use containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT, SPARKS AND OPEN FLAMES. Store in the closed, original container in a dry, well-ventilated locked room or place away from children, animals, food, feedstuffs, seed and fertilisers. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. DO NOT use this container for any other purpose. Triple rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler of designed collection point. If not recycyling, break, crush or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waster management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory covernment reoulations. DO NOT burn emby containers or product.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Very dangerous, particularly the concentrate. Product and spray are poisonous if absorbed by skin contact, inhaled or swallowed. Attacks the eyes. Will irritate the nose, throat and skin. Repeated minor exposure may have a cumulative poisoning effect. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do NoT inhale vapour or spray mist. Protect eyes while using. When opening the container and preparing spray, wear elbow length PVC gloves and a face shield. When using the prepared spray wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and washable hat, elbow length PVC gloves, impervious footwear and half face-piece respirator with combined dust and gas cartridge/canister. If clothing becomes contaminated with product or wet with spray, remove clothing immediately. If product or spray on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each days use, wash gloves, face shield, respirator or face-piece and contaminated clothing. Wash rubber respirator with detergent and warm water.

FIRST AID

If swallowed, splashed on skin or in eyes, or inhaled, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 13 11 26) or a doctor at once. Remove any contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly. If swallowed, activated charcoal may be advised. Give atropine if instructed.

Advice to Doctor: Methomyl is a reversible cholinesterase inhibitor. Atropine sulphate should be used for treatment, 1.2 to 2.0 mg i.v. every 10 to 30 minutes until full atropinisation is achieved. Maintain full atropinisation until patient recovers. DO NOT use morphine or 2-PAM. Artificial respiration or oxygen may be necessary. Allow no further exposure to cholinesterase inhibitors until recovery is assured.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the Material Safety Data Sheet which can be obtained from the supplier.

CONDITIONS OF SALE: The use of ACP Methomyl 225 Insecticide being beyond the control of the manufacturer no warranty expressed or implied is given by Australis Crop Protection Pty Ltd regarding its suitability, fitness or efficiency for any purpose for which it is used by the buyer, whether in accordance with the directions or not and Australis Crop Protection Pty Ltd accepts no responsibility for any consequence whatsoever resulting from the use of this product.

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